2019 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

Taxing Unit Name

City of Crockett

Phone (area code and number)

Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26,04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the effective tax rate and rollback tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Sample Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Sample Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this sample worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: Effective Tax Rate (No New Taxes)

The effective tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the effective tax rate should decrease. The effective tax rate for a county is the sum of the effective tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

	Effective Tax Rate Activity			Treversion and service
1	. 2018 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2018 taxable value on the 2018 tax roll today, include any adjustments give last yards			
	certification; exclude Tax Gode Section 25.25(d) one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments			
	I his total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment		1	
	financing (will deduct taxes in Line 14).1			
			\$	243,560,080
4	2018 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2018 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These		1	
	include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.2			***************************************
3	Preliminary 2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		1-3	-
			s	243,560,080
4.	2018 total adopted tax rate.	***************************************	 	
				0.596791
	2018 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2018 appraised value.	**************************************	1000000	
5	A. Original 2018 ARB values:	S -		
6.	B. 2018 values resulting from final court decisions:			
	C. 2018 value loss, Subtract B from A.3			
į				
6	2018 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 5C.		\$	-1
	and Line 5C.			
7	2018 tayable value of property by template at the land of the second of		\$	243,560,080
' ''	2018 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Enter the 2018 value of property in deannexed territory.4	-		
L	1		\$	-

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14

information and resources for taxpayers, local taxing entities, appraisal districts and appraisal review boards.

For more information, visit our website:

comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

50-856 • 05-19/3

⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13) 4 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

The Property Tax Assistance Division at the Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts provides property tax

	• Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts			Form 0-856	}
Line	Rfactive Tak Rate Activity			Amou	nt/Rate
8.	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2019. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods-in-transit exemptions.	\$	8,790		
8	B. Partial exemptions. 2019 exemption amount or 2019 percentage exemption times 2018 value:	\$	568,480		
8	C. Value loss. Add A and B.s	LT	300,100	\$	577.270.0
9.	2018 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2019. Use only properties that qualified in 2019 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2018. A. 2018 market value:	\$, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
9.	B. 2019 productivity or special appraised value:	\$	-		
9.	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.6	L-T		\$	
10.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 7, 8C and 9C.			\$	577.01
11.	2018 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 10 from Line 6				577,23
12.	Adjusted 2018 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 11 and divide by \$100.			\$	242,982,8
13.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2018. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2018.	**************************************		\$	1,450,099.
14.	Taxes In tax Increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2018. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 16D, enter 0.8			\$	144.6
15.	Adjusted 2018 taxes with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 12 and 13, subtract Line 14.s	*******************		\$	
	Total 2019 taxable value on the 2019 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 18). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.	\$ 2	268,479,800	\$	1,450,244.1
	B. Counties: Include railroad roiling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	\$	_		
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	\$			
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2019 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2019 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 21 below.11	\$			
16.	E. Total 2019 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	L		\$	268,479,80

^{*} Tex. Tax Code § 28.012(15)

* Tex. Tax Code § 28.012(15)

* Tex. Tax Code § 28.012(13)

* Tex. Tax Code § 28.03(c)

	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	Form 50-856
	Effective Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
17	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roil.12 A. 2019 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value.13	_
	B. 2019 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the ower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value.	-
18	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in	\$
	2018 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step.15	\$
19	2019 total taxable value. Add Lines 16E and 17C. Subtract Line 18.	
20.	Total 2019 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2018. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2019 value of property in territory annexed. 16	\$ 268,479,8
21.	Total 2019 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2018. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2018, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2019.17	
22,	Total adjustments to the 2019 taxable value. Add Lines 20 and 21.	\$ 1,120,11
23	2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 22 from Line 19.	\$ 1,120,11
		\$ 267,359,69
24.	2019 effective tax rate. Divide Line 15 by Line 23 and multiply by \$100.18	0.5424
25.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the effective tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county effective tax rate. 18	0.0000
Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex. Tex.	Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d) Tax Code § 26.01(c) Tax Code § 26.01(d) Tax Code § 26.01(d) Tax Code § 26.012(d) Tax Code § 26.012(17) Tax Code § 26.012(17) Tax Code § 26.012(17) Tax Code § 26.012(17) Tax Code § 26.010(d) Tax Code § 26.04(d) Tax Code § 26.04(d) Tax Code § 26.04(d) Tax Code § 26.04(d)	Page 3

Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts

Form 50-856

SECTION 2: Rollback Tax Rate
The rollback tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O): The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus eight percent. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt: The debt tax rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The rollback tax rate for a county is the sum of the rollback tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the rollback tax rate exceeds the effective tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the effective tax rate to be higher than the rollback tax rate.

公益 26.	Hollback 1 as Nate Activity 2018 maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate,					A.E.		
							0.4	7309
27.	2018 adjusted taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 11.			+				
				\$		2	42,9	82,81
20	2018 M&O taxes.	Ι.						
20.	A. Multiply Line 26 by Line 27 and divide by \$100.	\$	1,149,549.24					
20.	B. Cities, counties and hospital districts with additional sales tax: Amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2018. Enter amount from full year's sales tax revenue spent for M&O in 2018 fiscal year, if any. Other taxing units enter 0.	l						
	Countles exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of							
	sales tax spent.							
20	C. Counties: Enter the amount for the state criminal justice mandate. If second or later year.	\$_	_	Ш	Щ			
20.	the amount is for increased cost above last year's amount. Other taxing units enter 0.	١.						
		\$	_					
28,	D. Transferring function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written							
	contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in							
	the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in H							
	below. The taxing unit receiving							
	the function will add this amount in H below. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$						
28.	E. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2018: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before	Ψ		+	***			
	that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment							
	errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2018. This line applies only to tax years							
	preceding tax year 2018.	\$	1.04					
28.	F. Enhanced indigent health care expenditures: Enter the increased amount for the current year's enhanced indigent health care	Ψ	1.07	+++				
	expenditures above the preceding tax year's enhanced							
	indigent health care expenditures, less any state assistance.	\$						
	G. Taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the	Ψ	-	₩			###	
	taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in							
	Line 16D, enter 0	\$						
28.	H. Adjusted M&O Taxes. Add A, B, C, E and F. For taxing unit with D, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	Ψ		100				ننتننن
	Subtract G.			\$		- 1	149,5	550.2
29.	2019 adjusted taxable value. Enter Line 23 from the Sample Effective Tax Rate Worksheet	***************************************		+-			177,-	750.2
	•			\$		2	67,35	50 60
30.	2019 effective maintenance and operations rate. Divide Line 28H by Line 29 and multiply by \$100.	-		+-	***************************************		· / , J .	,,,,,,
	,						0.4	2996
31.	2019 rollback maintenance and operation rate. Multiply Line 30 by 1,08.			+-			U.4.	
							0.4	6436
	ore information, visit our website: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax			age			0.4	U~3U

	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts		Form 0-856	6	
	Rollback Tax Rate Activity		Amou	nt/Rat	
32	Total 2019 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be				
1	paid on debts that:				
	(1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes,				
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and				
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.				
32	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet	T	liiiiii		
	the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget				
	payments.	\$ 301,270.00	ЩЩ	ЩЩ	
32	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	\$ 994,590.52			
32	C. Subtract amount paid from other resources.				
		\$ -			
32.	D. Adjusted debt. Subtract B and C from A.			,	
		***************************************	\$	(6	593,320.52
33.	Certified 2018 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.				
34	Adjusted 2019 debt, Subtract Line 33 from Line 32D.		\$		
"	Page 15 to de Pa Cabaldo Line de Nom Line de D.		\$	"	593,320,52
35.	Certified 2019 anticipated collection rate. Enter the rate certified by the collector. If the rate is 100 percent or greater, enter 100 percent,		ΙΦ		193,320,32
					100%
36.	2019 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 34 by Line 35				
27	2019 total taxable value, Enter the amount on Line 19.		\$		593,320.52
37.	2013 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 19.		\$	_	CO 470 007
38.	2019 debt tax rate. Divide Line 36 by Line 37 and multiply by \$100.		Ψ		68,479,800
					-0.258239
39.	2019 rollback tax rate. Add Lines 31 and 38.			*************	
					0.20612
40.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the rollback tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2019 county rollback tax rate.			*********	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
					0.000000
are.	0412 Additional Color T. A. D. J. D			amenican a	0.00000
Citios	ION 3: Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or		1.0		
abolis	hing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its effective and rollback tax rates to offset the expected sales tax reve	mua			
This s	ection should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its effective tax rate and/or rolliback tax rate because in the county of the county o	rause it adopted the ac	ditiona	l sales	fax
in the	Agivity			Tree	
41.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or May 2019, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable		22073726	SECONDARIO	
1	sales for the previous four quarters.20 Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary				
	webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018, skip this line.				
42	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of	0.1 F0.71	\$	**********	-
	sales tax revenue. 21	SALES TAX RATE			
	Called the 1970/1do.27	0.0000			
42.	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019. Multiply the amount on Line 41 by the sales tax rate (.01,				
	.005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95,22	\$ -			
42.			Hiiii	****	*****
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2018. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not				
	multiply by .95,	\$ -			
42.	Sales Tax Revenue				
			\$		
**********			Ψ		

20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
22 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)
25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

For more information, visit our website: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

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and a De	Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts	Form 50-856	
	Army	Amoun	I/Rate
43	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.		
		\$	268,479,800
44	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 42 by Line 43 and multiply by \$100.		
			0.000000
45.	2019 effective tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.23 Enter the rate from Line 24 or 25, as applicable, on the Sample Effective Tax Rate Worksheet.		
		ł	0.542431
46.	2019 effective tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2018 or in May 2019. Subtract Line 44 from Line 45. Skip to Line 47 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2018.		
			0.000000
47.	2019 rollback tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.24 Enter the rate from Line 39 or 40, as applicable, of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	***************************************	
			0.206121
48.	2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 44 from Line 47.	***************************************	**************************************
			0.206121
ECT	ION 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control		
taxi	ng unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ind, he ta	structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exception in the sexpenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The sort with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for collution control.	ed pollution contro taxing unit must p	ol requirements. rovide the tax

assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

	Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control Activity	Autori	/Rate 1
49.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination	ngsugnaurad die 2008	AND SECURE OF THE PROPERTY SEC
	letter from TCEQ.25 The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter.26		
		\$	
50.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Sample Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	 	***************************************
		\$	268,479,800
51.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 49 by Line 50 and multiply by \$100.	<u> </u>	
			0.000000
52.	2019 rollback tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 51 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 39, Line 40	·	***************************************
	(counties) or Line 48 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).		
- Wast Malian wa			0.206121
SECT	ON 5: Total Tax Rate		
	to the applicable total tay rates as calculated above		

Effective tax rate (Line 24; line 25 for counties; or line 46 if adjusted for sales tax) 0.542431 Rollback tax rate ((Line 39; line 40 for counties; or line 48 if adjusted for sales tax) 0.206121 Rollback tax rate adjusted for pollution control (Line 52)
SECTION 6: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature 0.206121

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit.

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative:

Taxing Unit Representative - Signagure

23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d) 26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

For more information, visit our website: comptroller.texas.gov/taxes/property-tax

istricts or Water Districts Date: 07/21/2020 03:20 PM

Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts 2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

2020 Crockett City	9365449655
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number
PO Box 112, Crockett, TX, 75835	
Taxing Unit Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraisier delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properites under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller For 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet for School Districts.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) should use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet. All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

STEP 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both year.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calcuated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operation taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity	·	Amount/Rate
1.	2019 total taxable value.		\$268,479,800
2.	2019 tax ceilings.		\$0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adopted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.		\$268,479,800
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate		\$.596791
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value:		
	A. Original 2019 ARB values:	\$0	·
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions:	\$0	
Market and the second	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A.[3]		\$0
6.	2019 taxable value subject to appear under Chapter 42, as of July 25.		
	A. 2019 ARB certified value	0	
	B. 2019 disputed value	0	and the second s
	C. 2019 undisputed valueSubtrace 13 from A		0
7.	2019 Chapter 42-related adjusted values. Add Line 5 and 6		0
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 7		\$268,479,800
	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan.		

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
9.	1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory.[4]		\$0
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport or goods-intransit exemptions.		
	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value:	\$172,960	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value:	\$521,180	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B.	. *	\$694,140
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only properties that qualified in 2020 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2019.		
	A. Use 2019 market value:	\$10,200	
	B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value:	\$280	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.		\$9,920
12.	Total adjustments for lost value, Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.		\$704,060
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract Line 12 from Line 8		\$267,775,740
14.	Adjusted 2019 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by \$100		\$1,598,061
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. [8]		\$49
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019		\$0
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment.		\$1,598,110
18.	total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today.		
	A.Certified values	\$281,731,870	
	B. Counties	\$0	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption	so	
	D. Tax increment financing	\$0	
	E. Total 2020 value		\$281,731,870
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal role. [13]		
	A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest	\$301,240	
	B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.	\$0	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.		\$301,240
20.	2020 total taxable value. Add Lines 18C and 19C. Subtract Line 20C.		\$0
21.	2020 total taxable value		\$282,033,11
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2019		\$
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed		\$1,367,330

Line	No-New-Revenue Rate Activity	Amount/Rate
	to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan 1, 2019, and be located in a new improvement.	
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value.	\$1,367,330
25,	Adjusted 2020 taxable value.	\$280,665,780
26.	2020 NNR tax rate.	\$.569399 /\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY.	\$.569399 /\$100

[1]Tex. Tax Code Section	[2]Tex. Tax Code Section
[3]Tex. Tax Code Section	[4]Tex. Tax Code Section
[5]Tex. Tax Code Section	[6]Tex. Tax Code Section
[7]Tex. Tax Code Section	[8] Tex. Tax Code Section
[9]Tex. Tax Code Section	[10] Tex. Tax Code Section
[11]Tex. Tax Code Section	[12]Tex. Tax Code Section
[13]Tex. Tax Code Section	[14]Tex. Tax Code Section
[15]Tex. Tax Code Section	[16]Tex. Tax Code Section
[17]Tex. Tax Code Section	[18]Tex. Tax Code Section
[19]Tex. Tax Code Section	[20] Tex. Tax Code Section
1211Tex. Tax Code Section	

STEP 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintejnance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by alw. This rate accounts for such things as slaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: the debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calcualted for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-erevenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cuase the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity		Amount/Rate
28.	2019 M&O tax rate.		\$.482288
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered adjustments.		268,479,800
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy.		1,294,845
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes.	0	
	B. 2019 state criminal justice mandate.	49	
	C. 2019 taxes in TIF:	0	
	D. 2019 transferred function:	0	
	E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments:		49
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value.		280,665,780
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted)		0.461365
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate		0.000000
	A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate	O	
	B. 2019 state criminal justice mandate	0	
	C.	0.000000	
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures		0.000000
	A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures	0	
	B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures	0	
	C.	0.000000	
36.	2020 anticipated collection rate.		0.000000
	A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures	0	
	B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures	0	
	C.	0.000000	
	D.	0.000000	
37.	2020 anticipated collection rate.		0
	A. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures	0	
	B. 2019 eligible county hospital expenditures	0	
	C.	0.000000	
	D.	0.000000	
38.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O rate.		0

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Activity	Amount/Rate	
39.	2020 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. Special Taxing Unit If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.08		0.477512
	-or- Other Taxing Unit If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.035.		
	Taxing unit affected by disaster declaration If the taxing unit is located in an area declared as disater area, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, and 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred. If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 38 by 1.08. [27]		
40.	Total 2020 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
	A.Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount	296,183	
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	0	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt(enter zero if none)	0	
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resource	0	
	E. Adjusted debt Subtract B, C and D from A		296,183
41.	Certified 2019 excess debt collections		0
42.	Adjusted 2020 debt	***	296,183
43.	2020 anticipated collection rate.		100.00
	Α.	100.00	
	В.	100.00	
	C.	100.00	
	D.	101.00	
44.	2020 debt adjusted for collections.		296,183
45.	2020 total taxable value.		282,033,110
46.	2020 debt rate		0.105017
47.	2020 voter-approval tax rate		0.582529
48.	COUNTIES ONLY		0.582529
STEP 3	3 NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales tAx	to Reduce Property Tax	es

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce propert taes. Local voters by election must papprove imposting or abolishing sales ta. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate oand/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
49.	Taxable sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2016 or May 2017, enter the Comptrollers's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters.[1] Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2016, skip this line.	O.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2016 or in May 2017. Multiply the amount on Line 41 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95[3] -or- Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2016. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	O
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 37 of the Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	282,033,110
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 42 by Line 43 and multiply by \$100.	0
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.[35] Enter the rate from Line 24 or 25, as applicable, on the Effective Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$.569400
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 216 or in May 2017. Subtract Line 44 from Line 45. Skip to Line 47 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2016.	\$.569399
55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.[36] Enter the rate fro Line 48 or Line 49 as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	0.582529
56,	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax rate in November 2019 or in May 2020. Subtract Line 53 from Line 54. Skip to Line 56 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	0.582529

[37]Tex. Tax Code Section [38]Tex. Tax Code Section

STEP 4: Additional Rollback Protection for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility or device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are thos necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Qualifyt (TCEQ). The taxin gunit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of deremination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only by completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air,

water or land pollution.

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
57.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).[6] Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. The school district shall provide its tax assessor collector with a copy of the letter.[7]	\$0
58.	2020 total taxable value, Enter the amount from Line 31 of the Rollback Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$282,033,110
59.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 34 by Line 35 and multiply by \$100.	0.000000
60.	2020 rollback tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 36 and line 33.	0.582529

|37|Tex. Tax Code Section

[38]Tex. Tax Code Section

STEP 5: Voter-Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years.[39] In a year where a special taxing unit adopts a rate above the voter-approval tax rate by applying any portion of th cunused increment rate, the unused increment rate for tha tyear would be zero. Consult with legal counsel to ensure appropriate calculation of the unused increment rate.

For each tax year before 2020, the differnece between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero.[40]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.[41]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
61.	2019 unused increment rate.	0.000000
62.	2018 unused increment rate.	0.000000
63.	2017 unused increment rate.	0.000000
64.	2020 unused increment rate.	0.000000
65.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate.	0.000000

STEP 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no=new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit.[42]

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit.[41]

Line	Activity	Amount/Rate
66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate.	0.000000
67.	2020 total taxable value	0
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes.	0.000000
69.	2020 debt rate	0.000000
70.	De minimis rate	0.000000

STEP 7: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	
No-new-revenue tax rate	0.569399
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	0.582529
De minimis rate	0.000000
STEP 8: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature	
print here Caren Minter	

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative sign here Taxing Unit Representative

Date

-21-20

Date: 07/28/2021 03:08 PM

2021 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts CROCKETT CITY

Taxing Unit Name
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code

Phone (area code and number) Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the No-New-Revenue (NNR) tax rate and Voter-Approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraisar delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts without Chapter 313 Agreements or or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1. 2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2020 taxable value on the 2020 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). \(^1\)	\$285,824,600
2. 2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$6
3. Preliminary 2020 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$285,824,600
4. 2020 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.582529/\$100
5. 2020 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2020 appraised value. A. Original 2020 ARB values:	S(
B. 2020 values resulting from final court decisions: C. 2020 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$
6. 2020 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2020 ARB certified value:	\$
B. 2020 disputed value:	\$6
C. 2020 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$6
7. 2020 Chapter 42 related adjusted values Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$
8. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered reductions. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$285,824,60

2. 2020 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1,	\$0
 020. Enter the 2020 value of property in deannexed territory. 0. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2021. If 	
he taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original	
xempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to	
reeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or	
ercentage of an existing exemption in 2021 does not create a new exemption or reduce	
axable value.	
Absolute amount to 2000 and to 4 and	\$31,100
A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2020 market value:	
3. Partial exemptions. 2021 exemption amount or 2021 percentage exemption times 2020	\$414,750
alue:	φ+1+,750
	#A4E 050
2. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁵ 1. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal	\$445,850
1. 2020 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal 1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport	
pecial appraisal in 2021. Use only properties that qualified in 2021 for the first time; do	ļ
ot use properties that qualified in 2020.	
a. 2020 market value:	\$0
3. 2021 productivity or special appraised value:	\$0
Promeeting or sheem whitemon tume.	3 0
C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ⁷	\$0
2. Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$445,850
3. 2020 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2020 captured	
ppraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for	\$0
which 2020 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no	
aptured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	0000 000 000
4. 2020 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$285,378,750
5. Adjusted 2020 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100. 6. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020. Enter the amount of taxes refunded	\$1,662,413
y the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2020. Types of refunds include court	
ecisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11	\$117
ayment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years	***
receding tax year 2020.8	
7. Adjusted 2020 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16.10	\$1,662,530
8. Total 2021 taxable value on the 2021 certified appraisal roll today. This value	
ncludes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable	
alue of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include	
omeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
A. Certified values:	#200 204 670
Counties Yealed witness william starts release continued by the County lands officer	\$300,284,672
3. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	\$0
2. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property	
xempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage	
	\$0
ystem property:	ቅህ
ystem property: O. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable y a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2021 taxes will be deposited	

Line 23 below. ¹²	\$0
E. Total 2021 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	
	\$300,284,672
	\$300,284,072
19. Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	\$0
A. 2021 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
B. 2021 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about, but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	\$0
C. Total value under protest or not certified: Add A and B.	
e. Istal value under protest of not cortificat Add A and B.	\$0
20. 2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2021 total taxable value of	20
homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision	\$0
in 2020 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$300,284,672
21. 2021 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17 22. Total 2021 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2020.	\$300,264,072
Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2021 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$0
23. Total 2021 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2020. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2020, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2021. 19	\$757,360
24. Total adjustments to the 2021 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$757,360
25. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$299,527,312
26. 2021 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰ 27. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county	\$0.555051/\$100
levies. The total is the 2021 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	

Tex.	lax	Code	Section	26.012(14)
² Tex.	Tax	Code	Section	26.012(14)

¹²Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)

¹³Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c) and (d)

³Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

¹⁴Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code Section 26.01(d) ⁴Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

⁵Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)

¹⁶Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(b)

⁶Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(15)

¹⁷Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(6)

⁷Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13) ⁸Tex, Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

⁹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.03(c)

¹⁰Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(13)

¹¹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012,26.04(c-2)

¹⁸Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)

¹⁹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(17)

²⁰Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

²¹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(d)

²²Reserved for expansion

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year
- plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations

 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The Voter-Approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the Voter-Approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the Voter-Approval tax rate exceeds

the No-New-Revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approximation.	oval tax rate.
Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28. 2020 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2020 M&O tax rate.	\$0.477512/\$100
29. 2020 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$285,824,600
30. Total 2020 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$1,364,846
31. Adjusted 2020 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2020 Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2020. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2020.	\$95
B. 2020 taxes in TIF Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2021 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	\$0
C. 2020 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	\$0
D. 2020 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function.	\$95
E. Add Line 30 to 31D.	\$1,364,941
32. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$299,527,312
33. 2021 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.455698/\$100
34. Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³ A. 2021 state criminal justice mandate: Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state	\$0
B. 2020 state criminal justice mandate: Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	[

D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
	WW. W
	\$0/\$100
	90
5. Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴	\$0
a. 2021 indigent health care expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit roviding for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the eriod beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance ecceived for the same purpose.	
3. 2020 indigent health care expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit roviding for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the eriod beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance ecceived for the same purpose.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	
Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
	\$0/\$100
6. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. ²⁵	
2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a county provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same urpose.	\$0
3. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures: Enter the amount paid by a county of provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same urpose.	\$0
C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100
7. Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶	
a. 2021 eligible county hospital expenditures: Enter the amount paid by the county or nunicipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on uly 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	\$0
3. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures: Enter the amount paid by the county or	
nunicipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on uly 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020.	\$0

\$0/\$100	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
	L. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.
\$0/\$100	
\$0/\$100	
\$0	8. Rate adjustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a nunicipality that is considered to be a defunding municipality for the current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies o municipalities with a population of more than 250,000 and includes a written etermination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26.0444 for more information.
\$0	A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money ppropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding iscal year
	3. Expenditures for public safety in 2020. Enter the amount of money spent by the nunicipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.
\$0/\$100	C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
φυνφτυυ	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.
መለ መተ ለለ	
\$0/\$100	9. Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line
\$0.455698/\$100	8D.
	O. Adjustment for 2020 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that collected and spent additional sales tax on M&O expenses in 2020 hould complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate for 2021 in Section 3. Other taxing units, enter zero.
\$0	
\$0	A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2020, if my. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.
\$0.455698	3. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.
	C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.
·	11. 2021 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rates as calculated by the scenario below. Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C
\$0.471647/\$100	y 1.08. • or -
	Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line IOC by 1.035.
\$0/\$100	041. Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2021 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by lisaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at

in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of	
the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or	
2. the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.	
If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	
42. Total 2021 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:	
(1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes,	
(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses	
A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021,	\$301,095
verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28 Enter debt amount.	\$0
B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.	\$0
C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)	\$0
D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.	\$301,095
E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C, and D from A.	
43. Certified 2020 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 28	\$23,773
44. Adjusted 2021 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$277,322
45. 2021 anticipated collection rate.	
A. Enter the 2021 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector: 29	
B. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	98.00%
C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	104.00%
D. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate	100.00%
E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at	100.00%
least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ³¹	100.00%
46. 2021 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E	\$277,322
47. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	
Worksheet.	
48. 2021 debt tax rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.092353/\$100
49. 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$0.564000/\$100 \$0.000000/\$100
D49. Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2021 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax	\$0.000000/\$100

rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	
50. COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the	·
county levies. The total is the 2021 county voter-approval tax rate.	

²³ Tex. Tax	Code	Section	26.044
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³⁰Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(b)

²⁷Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c-1)

²⁴Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0442

²⁸Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(10) and 26.04(b)

²⁵Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0442

²⁹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(b)

²⁶Tex. Tax Code Section 26.0443

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales

tax.	
Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rate
51. Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or May	
2021, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ²⁰ Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical	\$0
Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020, enter 0.	
52. Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for	
economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. ³³	
Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. ³⁴	\$0
or - Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2020. Enter the sales tax	,
revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	
53. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$300,284,672
54. Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
55. 2021 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.555051/\$100
56. 2021 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2020 or in May 2021. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2020.	\$0.555051/\$100
57. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 36 Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), or Line 50 (counties), as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.564000/\$100
58. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$0.564000/\$100

³¹ Reserved for expansion

³⁴Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

³²Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(d)

³⁵Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

³³Tex. Tax Code Section 26.041(i)

³⁶Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Voter-Approval Protection for Pollution Control Worksheet	Amount/Rate
59. Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).	
Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall	\$0
provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. 38	
60. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax	\$300,284,672
Rate Worksheet.	
61. Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
62. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of	
the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line	\$0.564000/\$100
58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	

³⁷Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(d)

³⁸Tex. Tax Code Section 26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; and⁴⁰
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a);⁴¹ or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120,002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63. 2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0
64. 2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero	\$0
65. 2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0
66. 2021 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$0/\$100
67. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. ²³ Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49(disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.564000/\$100

³⁹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.013(a)

⁴⁰Tex. Tax Code Section 26.013(c)

⁴¹Tex. Tax Code Section 26.063(a)(1)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate	
The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the cur	rrent debt rate for a taxing unit. 42
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a	a special taxing unit. ⁴³
De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68. Adjusted 2021 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$0.455698/\$100
69. 2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$300,284,672
70. Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.166508
71. 2021 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.092353/\$100
72. De minimis rate. ²³ Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$0.714559/\$100

⁴²Tex. Tax Code Section 26.012(8-a)
⁴³Tex. Tax Code Section 26.063(a)(1)
⁴⁴Tex. Tax Code Section 26.04(c)

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year. 46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

NOTE: This section will not apply to any taxing units in 2021. It is added to implement Senate Bill 1438 (87th Regular Session) and does not apply to a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a declared disaster in 2020, as provided for in the recently repealed Tax Code Sections 26.04(c-1) and 26.041(c-1).

In future tax years, this section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- . directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year, and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the
 assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster
 occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

In future tax years, this section will also apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster

calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).	
Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73. 2020 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
74. Adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.	
If a disaster occurred in 2020 and the taxing unit calculated its 2020 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2020 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49.	
- or -If a disaster occurred prior to 2020 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2020, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2020 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2020 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet.	N/A
If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2020 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	
75. Increase in 2020 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	N/A
76. Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 13 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
77. Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	N/A
78. Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	N/A
79. Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	N/A
80. 2021 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49(disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	N/A

SECTION 8: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate

As applicable, enter the 2021 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56

(adjusted for sales tax).

Indicate the line number used: 26

Voter-Approval tax rate

As applicable, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line

58 (adjusted for sales tax), Line 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue).

\$0.564000/\$100

Indicate the line number used: 49

De minimis rate

If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from Line 70.

\$0.714559/\$100

SECTION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of taxable value, in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. 50

print here

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Taxing Unit Representative

Form 50-856

2022 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

CROCKETT CITY	(936) 544-5156
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
200 North Fifth Street Crockett, TX 75835	www.crocketttexas.org
Taxing Unit's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	Taxing Unit's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/R	ate
1.	2021 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2021 taxable value on the 2021 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	\$	298,9	321,452
2.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$		O
3.	Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$	298,9	21,452
4.	2021 total adopted tax rate.	\$	0.5640	/\$100
5.	2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.			
	A. Original 2021 ARB values: § 0			
	B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions:			
	C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A.3	\$		0
6.	2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2021 ARB certified value:	Charleson A Alleron	V-Marian - Marian ya Lafa sananna	HERMEN AMERICANO (A. 1999) Alpha Ngaliga (1994)
	B. 2021 disputed value:			
-	C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$		0
7.	2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$		0

Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
8.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 298,921,452
9.	2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	\$0
10.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
-	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2021 market value:	
- Notice delicate entre constituentes	B. Partial exemptions. 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value:	
	C. Value loss. Add A and B. 6	\$ 1,102,560
11.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022. Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021.	
	A. 2021 market value:	
L EFFERMAN	B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value: -\$ 2,410	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$63,390
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 1,165,950
13.	2021 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. *If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$0
14.	2021 total value. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 297,755,502
15.	Adjusted 2021 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 1,679,341
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. 9	\$ 166
17.	Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. 16	\$ 1,679,507
18.	Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. 11	
	A. Certified values: \$ 323,041,358	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	
	E. Total 2022 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 323,041,358

F Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
Fex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)
Fex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
Fex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
Fex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)
Tex. Tax Code § 26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll. 13	A THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY
e registrates ones consumptions on a	A. 2022 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
TO THE PARTY OF TH	B. 2022 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15 +\$ 0	
1	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$
20.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	\$ <u>0</u>
21.	2022 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$ 323,041,358
22.	Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$
23.	Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to exist-ing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022, ¹⁹	\$818,440
24.	Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 818,440
25.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 322,222,918
26.	2022 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. 20	\$ 0.5212/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

9	Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
***************************************	28.	2021 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2021 M&O tax rate.	\$0.4716/\$100
· mbushed consumprocedure	29.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue	And the second s
		Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 298,921,452

¹³ Tex. Tax. Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

¹⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)

¹⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

¹⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
30.	Total 2	021 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100		\$ 1,409,713
31.	Adjust	ed 2021 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.		
	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021 + \$	136	
	В.	2021 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0\$	0	
	c.	2021 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	0	
	D,	2021 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A, For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	136	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 310.	- bridge is the more discontinuous and the second second second second second	\$ 1,409,849
32.	Adjust	ed 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount In Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	ing an analysis management of the contract of	\$ 322,222,918
33.	2022 N	NR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.		\$ 0.4375/5100
34.	Rate ac	ljustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³	1	
	Α.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$	Ô	
Action of the control	В.	2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	0	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.0000/\$100	
	D,	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.0000/\$100
35.	Rate ac	ljustment for indigent health care expenditures, 24		n von entre mangement en entre mangement en en verte en
	A.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose \$		
	В.	2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	0	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	0.0000/\$100	
	D,	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$ 0.0000/\$100

²² (Reserved for expansion) ²³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.044 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0441

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet			Ān	nount/Rate
36.	Rate a	djustment for county indigent defense compensation. 25			**************************************	
THE CHARGE OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CHARGE O	Α.	2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount pald by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$	· 0	The state of the s	
To have some or the same affects or the same a	В.	2021 Indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26,044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$ 4000000	0	A CALL THE C	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	Ś	0.0000/\$100	To the state of th	
	D.	Multiply 8 by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		0.0000/\$100		
-	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	>	/\$100	Common de la commo	ñ 0000
<u> </u>		and the rest of Canada. It not applicable, enter v.	m. di ran wanisanishibi	erden oblivos financiales proteinen de un anterior en entre un plus partir de la companya de la companya de la	\$	0.0000/\$100
37.	Rate a	djustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶				
	Α.	2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	\$	O	To a contract of the contract	
	В.	2021 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021.	\$	0	mindegrave (ANA) var elijent in varav	
and the same of th	С.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		0.0000/\$100		
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		0.0000/\$100	4 to	
)	**************************************		•
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	The section of the section of	phonycontrames. Yes on a Los approprietos mayor aquesticos approprietos.	\$	0.0000/\$100
38.	for the	ljustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only applies iion of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code 26,0	to mun	icipalities with a	Andilla dela Andria anno pera pera pera pera pera pera pera pera	
or the service assessment of the	A.	Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	\$	0	handardest that the property and the	
AND AND RESIDENCE OF THE STATE	В.	Expenditures for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.	\$	0	Andrew Commission	
711001	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$	0.0000/\$100		
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	ider fall-radios: sall-sasse-den		\$	0.0000/\$100
39.	Adjuste	ed 2022 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.			\$	0,4375/\$100
40.	tional s	ment for 2021 sales tax specifically to reduce property values. Cities, counties and hospital districts that co ales tax on M&O expenses in 2021 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate fo exing units, enter zero.	ollected or 2022	and spent addi- in Section 3.	VOTA TO THE STATE OF THE STATE	
	A.	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2021, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	\$	0	AND THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONT	
	В.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	5	0.0000/\$100		
	c.	Add Line 40B to Line 39.	* *************************************	The second secon		0.4375
		The second secon	Anto-Miller por Annie . 1 da	Magnad aggreented the constitution and second	\$	0.4375/\$100
41.	Spe	oter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. •cial Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.			\$	0.4528/\$100
	- or Oth	er Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.				

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 ²⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443

Une	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
D41.	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. 27 If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete	
	Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).	\$ 0.0000/\$100
42.	Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.	
AND	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above, include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2022, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. 28	
	Enter debt amount \$ 455,747	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none) \$ 0	no Announced and Primary
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources	
TO THE PARTY OF TH	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$ 300,822
43.	Certified 2021 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29	\$ 11,872
44.	Adjusted 2022 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.	\$ 288,950
45.	2022 anticipated collection rate.	
	A. Enter the 2022 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	The second secon
	B. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate. 101.50 %	Make to represent the same of
	C. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate	The state of the
	D. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate	out and other state of the stat
	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31	100.30%
46.	2022 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$\$
47.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 323,041,358
48.	2022 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0891/\$100
49.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$0.5419/\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	\$ /5100
	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing	\$0.5419
4		\$/\$100

³⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.042(a) ³⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(7) ³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 26.04(b) ³⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval	a distribution of the
the contract of the contract o	tax rate.	\$

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Ai	nount/Rate
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or May 2022, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021, enter 0.	\$	0
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33		Agenting angular incomments of
en en en en en en en en en	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. 34 - or -		All Library and Property and Pr
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2021. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$	0
53.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	323,041,358
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$	0.0000 /\$100
55.	2022 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.35 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet,	\$	0.5212 /\$100
56.	2022 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2021.	\$	0.5212 _{/\$100}
57.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 36 Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	0.5419 /\$100
58.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	\$	0.5419 /\$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution, This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$ 0
60.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 323,041,358
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0000 _{/\$100}
62.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	\$ 0.5419 /\$100

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

^{**} Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

¹⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c) 36 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d) 38 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

SECTION 5: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120,002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Une	Unused Increment Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
63.	2021 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$0.0000 /\$100
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero.	\$0,0000_/\$100
65.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0.0000 _{/\$100}
66.	2022 unused increment rate. Add Lines 63, 64 and 65.	\$ 0.0000/\$100
67.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$ 0.5419/\$100

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

One	De Minimis Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2022 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$
69.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 323,041,358
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$
71.	2022 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 0.6813 _{/\$100}

SECTION 7: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago.

³⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

¹ Tex. Tax Code §§ 26.0501(a) and (c)

Tex. Local Gov't Code § 120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

⁴⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1) Frex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

Une	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
73,	2021 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.5640/\$100
74.	Adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line. If a disaster occurred in 2021 and the taxing unit calculated its 2021 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2021 worksheet due to a disaster, enter the 2021 voter-approval tax rate as calculated using a multiplier of 1.035 from Line 49. - or - If a disaster occurred prior to 2021 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2021, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2021 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2021 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or - If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2021 voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	\$0.0000/\$100
75.	Increase in 2021 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73.	\$0.5640/\$100
76.	Adjusted 2021 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 297,755,502
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	\$ 1,679,341
78.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 322,222,918
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	\$ 0.0000/\$100
80.	2022 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$
SEC	TION 8: Total Tax Rate	
1	No-new-revenue tax rates as calculated above. No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2022 NNR tax rate from: Line 26, Line 27 (counties), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales ax). Indicate the line number used: 26	\$0.5212/\$100
t	Voter-approval tax rate	\$
	De minimis rate	\$
SEC	TION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature	
emplo		e designated officer or appraisal roll or certified
sigr her		

⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

^{**} Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(b)

** Tex. Tax Code \$5 26.04(c-2) and (d-2)

Form 50-856

2023 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts

CROCKETT CITY	(936) 544-5156
Taxing Unit Name	Phone (area code and number)
200 North Fifth Street Crockett, TX 75835	www.crocketttexas.org

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll and the estimated values of properties under protest. The designated officer or employee shall certify that the officer or employee has accurately calculated the tax rates and used values shown for the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate. The officer or employee submits the rates to the governing body by Aug. 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable.

School districts do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-859 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District without Chapter 313 Agreements or Comptroller Form 50-884 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School District with Chapter 313 Agreements.

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form, but instead use Comptroller Form 50-858 Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts or Comptroller Form 50-860 Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

Line	No:New:RevenueTax:RateWorksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2022 taxable value on the 2022 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17).	\$ 323,041,358
2.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$ 0
3.	Preliminary 2022 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	s 323,041,358 s
4.	2022 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.6813 /\$100
· 5.	2022 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value.	
	A. Original 2022 ARB values;	
	B. 2022 values resulting from final court decisions:\$	
	C. 2022 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$
6.	2022 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2022 ARB certified value:	
:	B. 2022 disputed value: 5 0	
	C. 2022 undisputed value, Subtract B from A. 4	\$ 0
7.	2022 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0

iex. lax Code 526.012(14)

Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(14)

¹ Tex, Tax Code §26.012(13)

^{*} fex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

Line State Worksheet		
8.	2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	323,041,358 5
9.	2022 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2022. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. 5	s
10.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2023. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2023 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value.	
1	A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2022 market value:	
	B. Partial exemptions. 2023 exemption amount or 2023 percentage exemption times 2022 value: + \$ 778,070	
;	C. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁵	\$ 807,170 \$
11.	2022 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2023. Use only properties that qualified in 2023 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2022.	
	A, 2022 market value:	
	B. 2023 productivity or special appraised value;	
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. 7	\$
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 807,170
13.	2022 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2022 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. 8 If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in line 18D, enter 0.	\$ 0
14.		322,234,188 \$
15.	Adjusted 2022 total levy. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 2.195,381
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2022. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022. 9	\$ 0
17.	Adjusted 2022 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16, 10	\$ 2,195,381
18.	Total 2023 taxable value on the 2023 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. "	
	A. Certified values:	ta ma re-
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	ton toning
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	and the second s
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2023 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2023 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. 12	; ; ;
	E. Total 2023 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	362,192,635
		₹ Minimarkahilkahisani ilmahamani ilmahamani i

Ficx. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Ficx. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(15)
Ficx. Tax Code \$26.03(c)
Ficx. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Ficx. Tax Code \$26.012(13)
Ficx. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)
Ficx. Tax Code \$26.012, 26.04(c-2)

Line	:No-New-Revenue/Tax-Rate-Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roli. 13	
The second secon	A. 2023 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. 14	
	B. 2023 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 13	
	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$
20.	2023 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2023 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2022 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$ O
21.	2023 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20. 17	\$ 362,192,635 \$
22.	Total 2023 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2022. include both real and personal property. Enter the 2023 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$ ⁰
23.	Total 2023 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2022. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2022 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2023. ¹⁹	s 2,954,680
24.	Total adjustments to the 2023 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$ 2,954,680
25.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$ 359,237,955
26.	2023 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰	\$ 0.6111
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county NNR tax rate. 21	\$/\$100

SECTION 2: Voter Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate,

Cline Voter-Approval/Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate	
28. 2022 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2022 M&O tax rate.	\$ 0.5922 /\$100	
29. 2022 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in Line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet,	323,041,358	

¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d) ¹ Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c)

¹ Fex. Tax Code \$26.01(d)

^{*} Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(6)(B)

^{*} Tex Tax Code \$26.012(6)

^a Tex Tax Code §26.012(17) b iex, Tax Code §26.012(17)

^{*} Tex Tax Code \$26.04(c)

Tex. Tax Code §26.04(d)

Line		. Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
30,	Total 2	022 M&O levy. Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100	\$ 1,913,050
31.	Adiust	ed 2022 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate.	
*	A.	M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2022. Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2022. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2022	
	В,	2022 taxes in TIF. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2023 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0\$	
entre de la colonia de la colo	C.	2022 transferred function. If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0.	
	D.	2022 M&O levy adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function	
	E.	Add Line 30 to 31D.	1,913,050 \$
32.	Adjust	ed 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 359,237,955
33.	2023 N	NR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	s 0.5325 /\$100
34.		ljustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³ pplicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
	A.	2023 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.	
	В.	2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies	
	C.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$ 0.0000 /\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0.0000
		justment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴ pplicable or less than zero, enter 0.	
described of the con-	A.	2023 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	;
	В.	2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose	
To a second	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	ore or
:	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$
17761		1000 173 AV 1000 at 100	which we have the second that a_{ij} and a_{ij} and a_{ij} and a_{ij} and a_{ij} and a_{ij}

Reserved for expansion]
Tex. Tax Code 526,044
Tex. Tax Code 526.0441

Line		Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet		Amount/Rate
36.		djustment for county indigent defense compensation, ²⁵ applicable or less than zero, enter 0,		
The second secon	A.	2023 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$ 0	
distance of company of	В.	2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount pald by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 26.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose	\$ 0	
<u>.</u>	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	s 0.0000 /\$100	1
	D,	Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		; ;
	E.	Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$
37.		djustment for county hospital expenditures. ²⁶	in the computation of community and community and the second of the the seco	The state of the s
	1			
and the second second second	Α.	2023 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2022 and ending on June 30, 2023.	O \$	
	В.	2022 eligible county hospital expenditures. Enter the amount paid by the county or municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022.	\$	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	
	D.	Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100		
	E,	Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable, If not applicable, enter 0.	And the second s	0.0000 /\$100
4		сител по съвето о съпосни и на присоне и построине постоя со общество в постоя по общество и постоя с постоя по общество и постоя по общество и постоя по общество и постоя по общество и пости по общество и по общество	Name of about or	\$/\$100
38.	ity for t	djustment for defunding municipality. This adjustment only applies to a municipality that is considered to be he current tax year under Chapter 109, Local Government Code. Chapter 109, Local Government Code only appliation of more than 250,000 and includes a written determination by the Office of the Governor. See Tax Code Section.	ies to municipalities with	
-	Α.	Amount appropriated for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year	5 Annial transcription of transcription of transcription of the state	,
i 1	В,	Expenditures for public safety in 2022. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year	\$	
	c.	Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	
	D.	Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0		0,0000
39.	Adjusto	ed 2023 NNR M&O rate. Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E. Subtract Line 38D.	e ang again a sana ang angan anna a sa again a sa again a sa again a sa a	0.5325 /\$100
		The Committee Co		3 :00
40.	tional s	nent for 2022 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Cities, counties and hospital districts that coll ales tax on M&O expenses in 2022 should complete this line. These entities will deduct the sales tax gain rate fo inits, enter zero.		
	A.	Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2022, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent	s <u>0</u>	
	В.	Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by \$100	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	
:	c.	Add Line 408 to Line 39,		\$ 0.5325
		A NAO AL PARA DE LA CARLA DEL CARLA DE LA CARLA DEL CARLA DE LA CA		0.6511
41.	Spe	oter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below. I cial Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.	in the state of th	\$ 0.5511 /\$100
	- or Oth	er Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.		

²⁵ Tex. Tax Code 526,0442 ²⁶ Fex. Tax Code 526,0443

Line	* Voter-Approvalijax Rate Worksheet	W	Amount/Rate
D41	Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2023 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxi area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner providunit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or 2) the third tax year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred	located in the taxing	
	If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. ²⁷ If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41),		
42.	Total 2023 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue. Debt means the interest and print on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes,	cipal that will be paid	
:	(2) are secured by property taxes,		•
	(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and		
	(4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.		
to be considerable and the control of the control o	A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, cert other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before	de appraísal district ificate of obligation, or	
1	Enter debt amount	5 703,233	The state of the s
	B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt	* test many and a second secon	1
	C. Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)		
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.		
	D. Subtract amount paid from other resources		
	E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.		\$ 544,058
43,	Certified 2022 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. 29		\$ 17,454
44.	Adjusted 2023 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.		\$ 526,604
45.	2023 anticipated collection rate.	- A State of the S	4
1	A. Enter the 2023 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. 30	100.00	# 1 m
-	B. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate.	103.00 %	
	C. Enter the 2021 actual collection rate.	102.00	***************************************
	D. Enter the 2020 actual collection rate.	104.00	Total Control
i	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B. C and D. onter the lowest	*Collection to the second seco	:
	collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. 31		102.00 %
16.	2023 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.		s 516,278
47.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .		\$ 362,192,635
48.	2023 debt rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	:	\$ 0.1425 /\$100
49.	2023 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	!	\$ 0.6936 /\$100
	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2023 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	s line if the taxing	\$

^{7&#}x27; Tex. Tax Code \$26.042(a)
2' Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(7)
2" Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(10) and 26.04(b)
4" Tex. Tax Code \$26.04(b)
1" Tex. Tax Code \$526.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)

Line	Voter Approval Tax Rate Worksheet 2013	پدید/Amount/Rat	e ;
	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2023 county voter-approval		,
	tax rate.	\$ 0.0000	_/\$100

SECTION 3: NNR Tax Rate and Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue.

This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

Line	Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet	Amount/Rat	ê,
51.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or May 2023, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022, enter 0.	5	
52.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. 33		abe - legent were
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Multiply the amount on Line 51 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005 or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. ³⁴		an or or or
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2022. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$ 0	
53.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	362,192,635 \$	and the second second
54.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide Line 52 by Line 53 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.0000	/\$100
55.	2023 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. 15 Enter the rate from Line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0,6111	/\$100
56.	2023 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2022 or in May 2023. Subtract Line 54 from Line 55. Skip to Line 57 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2022.	0,611 1 \$	/\$100
57.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Enter the rate from Line 49, Line D49 (disaster) or Line 50 (counties) as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	0.6936	/\$100
58.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract Line 54 from Line 57.	0,6936	/\$100

SECTION 4: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the lax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Ra	te 🔭 .
59.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	0	- Name Page Co.
60.	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount from Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	362,192,635 \$	
61.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide Line 59 by Line 60 and multiply by \$100.	5 0.0000	_/\$100
62.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add Line 61 to one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties) or Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax).	0.6936	_/\$100

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.041(d)

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26.041(i)

¹¹ Tex. Tax Code \$26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex, Tax Code \$26,04(c) ³⁵ Tex, Tax Code \$26,04(c)

^{1&#}x27; Tex. Tax Code \$26.045(d)

^{**} Tex. Tax Code \$26,045(f)

SECTION 5: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval tax rate adjusted to remove the unused increment rate for the prior three years. 39 In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the portion of the unused increment rate must be backed out of the calculation for that year.

The difference between the adopted tax rate and adjusted voter-approval tax rate is considered zero in the following scenarios:

- a tax year before 2020; 40
- a tax year in which the municipality is a defunding municipality, as defined by Tax Code Section 26.0501(a); 41 or
- after Jan. 1, 2022, a tax year in which the comptroller determines that the county implemented a budget reduction or reallocation described by Local Government Code Section 120.002(a) without the required voter approval. 42

Individual components can be negative, but the overall rate would be the greater of zero or the calculated rate.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

Line		V. Unused Increment Rate Worksheet		Amount/	Rate	
63,	Year 3	Year 3 component. Subtract the 2022 actual tax rate and the 2022 unused increment rate from the 2022 voter-approval tax rate.				
:	Α.	Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.5419		:	
:	As applicable: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control)					
	В.	Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$			
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$ 0.5419 /\$100	1	4	
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.6813 /\$100			
i i	. E.	Subtract D from C	\$ -0.1394 /\$100	Andreas constraints		
64,	Year 2	component. Subtract the 2021 actual tax rate and the 2021 unused increment rate from the 2021 voter-approv	al tax rate.		:	
1	Α.	Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.5640 /\$100			
:		As applicable: Line 49, Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 pollution control)	! (taxing units with			
	В.	Unused increment rate (Line 66)	\$ 0.0000 /\$100			
	c.	Subtract B from A	\$ 0.5640			
	D.	Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.5640 /\$100		1	
	Ε.	Subtract D from C	\$ 0.0000		<u>;</u>	
65.	Year 1	Year 1 component. Subtract the 2020 actual tax rate and the 2020 unused increment rate from the 2020 voter-approval tax rate.				
	A.	Voter-approval tax rate	\$ 0.5825 /\$100		e mandana	
	As applicable: Line 47, Line 50 (counties), Line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 60 (taxing units with pollution control)			or a second way of the second		
	В.	Unused Increment rate	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	Martine and A	:	
	, c .	Subtract B from A	\$ 0.5825 /\$100	8 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	
	D,	Adopted Tax Rate	\$ 0.5825 /\$100			
	E,	Subtract D from C	\$ 0.0000 /\$100	- THE COMMING OF		
66.			\$ 0.0000	/\$100		
67.		223 voter-approval tax rate, including the unused increment rate. Add Line 66 to one of the following lines of disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or Line 62 (taxing units with pro-	(as applicable): Line 49, ollution control).	ş 0.6936	/\$100	

[&]quot; Tex. Tax Code \$26.013(a)

⁴⁴ Tex. Tax Code \$26.013(c)

¹ Tex, Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)

12 Tex, Tax Code \$526.0501(a) and (c)

13 Tex, Local Gov't Code \$120.007(d), effective Jan. 1, 2022

⁴³ Tex. Tax Code \$26.063(a)(1) 46 Tex. Tax Code \$26.012(8-a)

SECTION 6: De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. 44
This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 45

Line	De Minimis Rate Worksheef (# 5. 17)	Amount/Rate
68.	Adjusted 2023 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from Line 39 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	\$
69,	2023 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 362,192,635 \$
70.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by Line 69 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0,1380 \$/\$100
71.	2023 debt rate. Enter the rate from Line 48 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0.1425 /\$100
72.	De minimis rate. Add Lines 68, 70 and 71.	\$ 0.8130 \$

SECTION 7: Voter Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Emergency Revenue Rate

In the tax year after the end of the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a), a taxing unit that calculated its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit due to a disaster must calculate its emergency revenue rate and reduce its voter-approval tax rate for that year.46

Similarly, if a taxing unit adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate, calculated normally, without holding an election to respond to a disaster, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(d), in the prior year, it must also reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year. 47

This section will apply to a taxing unit other than a special taxing unit that:

- · directed the designated officer or employee to calculate the voter-approval tax rate of the taxing unit in the manner provided for a special taxing unit in the prior year; and
- the current year is the first tax year in which the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit as shown on the appraisal roll for the taxing unit submitted by the assessor for the taxing unit to the governing body exceeds the total taxable value of property taxable by the taxing unit on January 1 of the tax year in which the disaster occurred or the disaster occurred four years ago. This section will apply to a taxing unit in a disaster area that adopted a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year.

Note: This section does not apply if a taxing unit is continuing to calculate its voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit because it is still within the disaster calculation time period detailed in Tax Code Section 26.042(a) because it has not met the conditions in Tax Code Section 26.042(a)(1) or (2).

72	7000 adamada	0.0040	nice view productions.
/ 3 .	2022 adopted tax rate. Enter the rate in Line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 0,6813	/\$100
74.	Adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate. Use the taxing unit's Tax Rate Calculation Worksheets from the prior year(s) to complete this line.		
	If a disaster occurred in 2022 and the taxing unit calculated its 2022 voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) of the 2022 worksheet due to a disaster, complete the applicable sections or lines of Form 50-856-a, Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet.		
	If a disaster occurred prior to 2022 for which the taxing unit continued to calculate its voter-approval tax rate using a multiplier of 1.08 on Disaster Line 41 (D41) in 2022, complete the separate Adjusted Voter-Approval Tax Rate for Taxing Units in Disaster Area Calculation Worksheet to recalculate the voter-approval tax rate the taxing unit would have calculated in 2022 if it had generated revenue based on an adopted tax rate using a multiplier of 1.035 in the year(s) following the disaster. Enter the final adjusted 2022 voter-approval tax rate from the worksheet. - or -		/\$100
	If the taxing unit adopted a tax rate above the 2022 voter-approval tax rate without calculating a disaster tax rate or holding an election due to a disaster, no recalculation is necessary. Enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.		
75.	Increase in 2022 tax rate due to disaster. Subtract Line 74 from Line 73,	\$ 6.0000	/\$100
76.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 14 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 322,234,188	
77.	Emergency revenue. Multiply Line 75 by Line 76 and divide by \$100.	s O	e terrende espa
8.	Adjusted 2023 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 359,237,955	TO THE OWNER OF THE CASE
79.	Emergency revenue rate. Divide Line 77 by Line 78 and multiply by \$100. 49	0.0000	/\$100

^{*} Tex. Tax Code §26.042(b)

⁴⁷ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code §26.042(c)

[&]quot; lex. Tax Code 526.042(b)

Line	Emergency Revenue Rate Worksheet \$ 1997	Amount/Rate
80.	2023 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for emergency revenue. Subtract Line 79 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (taxing units with the additional sales tax), Line 62 (taxing units with pollution control) or Line 67 (taxing units with the unused increment rate).	\$ <u>0.6936</u> /\$100
SEC	TION 8: Total Tax Rate	
Indica	te the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.	
1	No-new-revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2023 NNR tax rate from; Line 26, Line 27 (countles), or Line 56 (adjusted for sales tax). Andicate the line number used: _26	\$ 0.6111 /\$100
, L	Toter-approval tax rates applicable, enter the 2023 voter-approval tax rate from: Line 49, Line D49 (disaster), Line 50 (counties), Line 58 (adjusted for sales tax), ine 62 (adjusted for pollution control), Line 67 (adjusted for unused increment), or Line 80 (adjusted for emergency revenue). and cate the line number used: 49	\$ 0.6936 /\$100
-	Pe minimis rate. applicable, enter the 2022 de minimis rate from Line 72.	\$ 0.8130 /\$100
SEC	TION 9: Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
emplo	he name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the yee of the taxing unit and have accurately calculated the tax rates using values that are the same as the values shown in the taxing unit's certified attended to the tax before the taxing unit's certified attended to the tax before t	
prin her	Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative	
sigr her	Taxing Unli Representative 8-9-23 Date	A CONTRACTOR MANAGEMENT